

**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

**Listing of Claims:**

1) (Original) An inkjet recording element comprising a support and at least one ink-receiving layer comprising at least one hydrosoluble binder and at least one aluminosilicate polymer obtainable by a preparation method that comprises the following steps:

- a) treating a mixed aluminum and silicon alkoxide only comprising hydrolyzable functions, or a mixed aluminum and silicon precursor resulting from the hydrolysis of a mixture of aluminum compounds and silicon compounds only comprising hydrolyzable functions, with an aqueous alkali, in the presence of silanol groups, the aluminum concentration being maintained at less than 0.3 mol/l, the Al/Si molar ratio being maintained between 1 and 3.6 and the alkali/Al molar ratio being maintained between 2.3 and 3;
- b) stirring the mixture resulting from step a) at ambient temperature in the presence of silanol groups long enough to form the aluminosilicate polymer; and
- c) eliminating the byproducts formed during steps a) and b) from the reaction medium,

wherein the ink-receiving layer also comprises inorganic particles.

2) (Original) The recording element according to Claim 1, wherein the inorganic particles are based on metal oxide or metal hydroxide.

3) (Original) The recording element according to Claim 2, wherein the inorganic particles are based on alumina, silica, titanium, zirconium, or their mixtures.

4) (Original) The recording element according to Claim 3, wherein the inorganic particles are selected from among the group consisting of the boehmites, fumed aluminas, colloidal silicas, fumed silicas, calcium silicates,

magnesium silicates, zeolites, kaolin, bentonite, silicon dioxide, and titanium dioxide.

5) (Original) The recording element according to Claim 1, wherein the inorganic particles are based on calcium carbonates or barium carbonates.

6) (Currently Amended) The recording element according to Claim 1, any one of the previous claims, wherein the ink-receiving layer comprises a quantity of aluminosilicate polymer in the dry state between 5 and 20 percent by weight compared with the total dry inorganic weight.

7) (Currently Amended) The recording element according to Claim 1, any one of the previous claims, wherein, in the ink-receiving layer, the total dry inorganic weight is between 5 and 95 percent of the total dry receiving layer weight.

8) (Original) The recording element according to Claim 1, wherein the alkali of step a) to prepare the aluminosilicate polymer is selected from the group consisting of sodium, potassium, and lithium hydroxide.

9) (Original) The recording element according to Claim 1, wherein the aluminum concentration used to prepare the aluminosilicate polymer is maintained between  $1.5 \times 10^{-2}$  and 0.3 mol/l.

10) (Original) The recording element according to Claim 1, wherein alkali/Al molar ratio to prepare the aluminosilicate polymer is about 3.

11) (Original) The recording element according to Claim 1, wherein the mixed aluminum and silicon precursor resulting from hydrolysis of a mixture of aluminum compounds and silicon compounds only having hydrolyzable functions is a product resulting from the mixture in an aqueous medium (i) of a compound selected from the group consisting of aluminum salts, aluminum alkoxides and aluminum halogenoalkoxides and (ii) at least one

compound selected from the group consisting of silicon alkoxides and chloroalkoxides only having hydrolyzable functions.

12) (Original) The recording element according to Claim 11, wherein said mixed aluminum and silicon precursor is the product resulting from the mixture (i) of an aluminum halide and (ii) a silicon alkoxide only having hydrolyzable functions.

13) (Original) The recording element according to Claim 12, wherein silicon alkoxide only having hydrolyzable functions is tetramethyl orthosilicate or tetraethyl orthosilicate.

14) (Original) The recording element according to Claim 1, wherein the hydrophilic binder is gelatin or polyvinyl alcohol.